Check Fraud, The UCC and You

UNDER LATEST UCC REGULATIONS, BANKS MAY HAVE AN “OUT” IN CHECK FRAUD LOSSES

Check Fraud…a Growing Problem

Check Fraud, once the criminal specialty of professional forgers, has emerged from relative obscurity to become the “Crime of the Nineties” and beyond. Documented statistics show 537,000 reported check fraud incidents with a $569,931,000 loss in 1991. By 1996, estimated losses exceeded $13,000,000,000 (billion). At current growth rates, check fraud losses will reach $20,000,000,000 in the year 2000.

What's the reason for the increase in check fraud incidents?

The American Bankers Association (ABA) attributes the increase in check fraud to the availability of sophisticated, low-cost technology – desktop computers, scanners, laser printers and desktop publishing software programs. Color copiers have provided the criminal element with the ability to mass-produce any type of check in the market.

How does check fraud occur? And who are the principal targets of check fraud activity?

Check fraud occurs in a number of ways. Checks are easily copied or otherwise reproduced, amount and payee information is changed, and checks are cashed with phony identification cards or other media. Gangs are deeply involved in this activity and account for major fraud activity in larger metropolitan areas. Corporate payroll and accounts payable accounts are great targets. Large banks are particularly hard hit, but fraud occurs in every size and type of business and in every size of bank. Fraud is on the increase, and every company must prepare to defend itself against the damage a lack of “ordinary care” procedures may cause within their organization.

The Uniform Commercial Code (UCC)

The current UCC code outlines specific responsibilities for banks and companies in the handling of check fraud cases. The UCC document itself was not substantially updated until 1993, when major revisions were developed as a result of major increases in check fraud incidents and dollar losses.

Since that time, the UCC has been adopted by all fifty (50) states and legal precedents have been established that have shifted some of the burden of check fraud prevention to businesses and corporations. The term “ordinary care” was introduced in the updated regulations, and it is important that you contact your bank and learn what your bank defines as your firm’s responsibilities in exercising ordinary care to prevent check fraud. Your bank defines ordinary care as it pertains to your company and their security standards.

Why is my firm potentially liable for a fraud incident?

Some reasons for potential liability are:

- Lack of security control for the storage of check stock within your company’s document storage area. Check stock must be stored in a secure, locked environment with controlled access only by authorized personnel.
- Lack of timely bank account reconciliation for payroll and accounts payable accounts.
- Lack of secure control over storage and access to signature stamps or signature machines.
- Lack of signature verification on canceled checks during the reconciliation process.
- Lack of timely reporting of potential check fraud occurrences to your bank.
- Lack of paper safety features in your check paper stock.
- Lack of procedures within your organization to inhibit the forging of signatures or alteration of amounts.
- Failure to supply current documentation to your bank on authorized signers.

How can I protect the interests of my company against check fraud?

Unfortunately, there is no absolute method available to protect your company against check fraud, BUT, the following suggestions are recommended to you as a start:

1. Contact your bank and ask for a written copy of their suggested procedures for preventing check fraud, check stock considerations, and check reconciliation processes that they expect you to follow.
2. Ask your bank for the written procedures that they follow to reduce check fraud. (Their back office procedures, the "ordinary care" activities that they follow.)

3. Ask your bank if they have a "Positive Pay" program. Ask for details of the program and the processing cost, if any. Some banks do not charge for "Positive Pay." (See the last section of this document for additional information.)

4. Consider the following "Internal Procedures" for implementation within your company.
   - Review your bank statements regularly, and ensure that the authorized signers are not the same people who reconcile the account.
   - Review all hiring procedures. Utilize a background check for employees working in vendor assignment, check issuance or check reconciliation areas.
   - Ensure that at least two people are responsible for accounts payable, and ensure that the mailroom personnel and procedures are sound.
   - Keep all check stock or cash equivalents in a secure and locked facility. Verify that tops and bottoms of check boxes have not been opened and resealed.
   - Change keys or entry codes periodically to prevent routine access to storage areas.
   - Enforce mandatory vacation policies, particularly for those with financial access. Be alert for employees living beyond their means.
   - Conduct surprise audits. Do any employees appear nervous? Have you noticed a substantial change of lifestyle?
   - Read and understand your bank contracts regarding liability as well as your company's liability for fraud under the current UCC Regulations.

5. Consider the following "External Procedures" for implementation within your company.
   - Use bank services like "Positive Pay," expedited return information, and signature verification systems to protect your accounts payable, payroll and accounts receivable activities.
   - Purchase blank safety paper or specially designed check stock from established vendors or banks that offer this stock for your check printing operations.
   - Reconcile check disbursements and deposits regularly. Prompt account reconciliation is a must!
   - If you discover a check with a fraudulent payable amount, close the account as soon as possible.
   - Be cautious when using refund accounts, such as rebates for subscriptions. This is another target for check fraud since the checks are relatively easy to obtain and can be used for check fraud.
   - Find ways to replace paper documents with electronic payments, devices, and complete printing systems that control not only the creation of checks from blank safety stock, but which also include Positive Pay for the processing of your issued checks by the bank electronically.
   - Store or dispose of canceled checks properly and safeguard new checks. Do not disclose checking account numbers to individuals you do not know, even if they claim they are from your bank.
   - Compare payroll checks with your current employee records.
   - Question funds that are transferred between bank accounts; verify new business vendors and their associations with your company.
   - Review canceled checks and endorsements on a monthly basis.

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Running hostresident in the IBM AS/400 environment or under Windows 95 or higher, ACOM’s QuickCheck™ MICR laser check processing software enables users to generate complete checks – with all corporate information, logos, amounts and signatures – from stored electronic forms, in a single pass through a MICR enhanced laser printer. ACOM solutions are compatible with all financial management software systems, ranging from legacy and general business systems such as Oracle Applications, and Infinium to specialized vertical packages such as WIT (health care) and PDS.

ACOM Integrated Solutions provide unprecedented security, efficiency and control in check processing operations. They feature (MICR enhanced by ACOM) Xerox DocuPrint Network Laser Printers in an extensive range of affordability and productivity, enabling companies to tailor their system to their specific requirements.

Basic elements of ACOM’s Single Source Integrated Check Processing Solutions include QuickCheck™ MICR laser check processing software; the QuickForm® forms design module; MICREnhanced Printers; and postprocessing equipment for folding and sealing the completed checks. ACOM also supplies Secure-A-Check™ blank safety check stock with security features such as watermarks, void pantographs, microprinting, toner grip, and sequential numbering; and consumables, including MICR toner engineered to the specifications of each printer, fusers, etc. We also provide comprehensive maintenance contracts and an 800 number for technical support to our customers.

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